1. **Object-Oriented**: Java follows the object-oriented programming paradigm, allowing for modular and reusable code.
2. **Platform-Independent**: The "write once, run anywhere" capability is achieved through the Java Virtual Machine (JVM).
3. **Simple and Familiar**: Java’s syntax is easy to learn, similar to C/C++.
4. **Secure**: Java provides a secure execution environment through the use of bytecode verification, secure class loading, and runtime security checks.
5. **Robust**: Java emphasizes early checking for possible errors, with a strong memory management model, exception handling, and type checking.
6. **Multithreaded**: Java supports concurrent execution of two or more threads, making it useful for modern applications.
7. **High Performance**: While slower than compiled languages like C++, Java's Just-In-Time (JIT) compiler improves performance by compiling bytecode to native machine code at runtime.
8. **Distributed**: Java provides a comprehensive suite of APIs for building distributed applications with RMI and EJB.
9. **Dynamic**: Java can dynamically link new class libraries, methods, and objects, offering extensibility and adaptability.